

## Addition & Subtraction

A. Solve the subtraction problems.

$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ -1 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ -0 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ -0 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ -1 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ -5 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ -1 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ -3 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ -0 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$
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$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ -0 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ -1 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ -2 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ -4 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ -0 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ -1 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$
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B. Fill in the blanks to complete the addition and subtraction problems.

$8 - \square = 0$	$4 + 3 = \square$
$\square + 5 = 10$	$6 - \square = 6$
$2 + 4 = \square$	$2 + 2 = \square$
$\square - 0 = 1$	$4 + 5 = \square$
$2 + 5 = \square$	$3 + \square = 5$
$\square + 4 = 8$	$9 - \square = 8$

